Department of Geology

Chairperson: Abdel-Rahman, Abdel-Fattah M.
Professor: Abdel-Rahman, Abdel-Fattah M.
Assistant Professors: El-Kibbi, Maya M.; Haidar, Ali T.
Instructors: Khadra, Wisam M.; Nassar, Philip E.; Queida, Raghipa S.; Saadeh, Mark F.
Assistant Instructor: Skayian, Heghnar S.

The Department of Geology offers programs leading to the degree of Bachelor of Science in Geology, and Master of Science degrees in certain areas of the vast field of geological sciences. It also offers a more broadly based program leading to the degree of Bachelor of Science in Petroleum Studies. Students wishing to major in geology or petroleum studies must secure the approval of the department. In addition, students must have a strong background in sciences and have taken the freshman science program or its equivalent.

The department also offers the following undergraduate elective courses: GEOL 101, GEOL 102, GEOL 103, GEOL 104, and GEOL 201 in the area of general geology, and GEOL 205 in environmental geology.

Field trips are required parts of most geology courses.

Undergraduate Program

Geology majors must attain a grade of 70 or more in GEOL 201 and GEOL 203, and pass their next two geology courses with a grade of 70 or more. Majors must complete the following courses, in which a general average of 70 or more must be maintained: GEOL 202, GEOL 210, GEOL 211, GEOL 212, GEOL 213, GEOL 214, GEOL 219, GEOL 221, GEOL 222, GEOL 224, and GEOL 229, which is a total of 40 credits. In addition, two required elective courses-CMPS 209 (or a 200-level CMPS course), and a 200-level economics course (3 credits must be completed). No course may be taken without its prerequisite unless authorized by the departmental faculty. Students are encouraged to take additional geology courses such as GEOL 205, GEOL 207, GEOL 215 or GEOL 225, and also courses from the graduate level, provided other requirements permit.

The core courses of the petroleum studies program (totaling 58 credits) are GEOL 201, GEOL 202, GEOL 203, GEOL 211, GEOL 212, GEOL 213, GEOL 214, GEOL 219, GEOL 221, GEOL 222, GEOL 225, GEOL 229; CHEM 201, CHEM 208; ACCT 210, MNGT 215, MKTG 210, and ECON 203. In addition, a required elective course, CMPS 209 (or a 200-level CMPS course) must be completed.

Petroleum studies majors must attain a grade of 70 or more in GEOL 201, and GEOL 203, and also pass the next two geology courses with a grade of 70 or more.

To obtain a minor in geology, students must complete the following core courses: GEOL 201, GEOL 202, GEOL 203, and GEOL 205, and two of the following elective courses: GEOL 210, GEOL 211, and GEOL 222 (for a total of 16 credits).
GEOL 101  The Earth, Present and Past  3.0, 3 cr.
A freshman level survey of the present day processes that shape the earth we live on, such as plate tectonic activity, rock formation and erosion, coupled with an overview of the origin and history of the earth and life. Each semester.

GEOL 102  Environmental Physical Geography  3.0; 3 cr.
An introduction to the structure, classification, physical processes and characteristics of the earth's atmosphere, hydrosphere and biosphere, dynamics of change, and associated environmental impacts. Each semester.

GEOL 103  Introduction to Marine Geology  3.0; 3 cr.
A freshman level survey of oceanic geological processes, wave dynamics, submarine springs, marine economic mineral resources, marine communities, pollution, global change, and marine-related environmental issues. Each semester.

GEOL 104  Natural Disasters  3.0, 3 cr.
A freshman level course covering events involving natural forces that have major devastating effects on humankind. These include mud flows, landslides, slope failure, earthquakes, tsunamis, explosive eruptions and volcanic hazards, meteoric impact and mass extinctions, hurricanes and tornadoes, flooding, and forest fires. Each semester.

GEOL 201  Physical Geology  3.0; 3 cr.
An introduction to minerals, igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic rocks, geological structures, and external earth processes, including the geologic work of streams, glaciers, groundwater, wind, and plate tectonic theory. Each semester.

GEOL 202  Historical Geology  2.2; 3 cr.
An introduction to earth history, including the principles of interpreting the past, origin, and development of the solar system. This course also provides an introduction to the systematic study of fossils, their classification, and identification. Prerequisites: GEOL 201, GEOL 203, or consent of instructor. Annually.

GEOL 203  Physical Geology Laboratory  0.2; 1 cr.
An introduction to the identification of rocks and minerals in hand specimen, geographic and geological maps, and basic interpretation of geological data. Pre- or corequisite: GEOL 101, GEOL 102, GEOL 103, or GEOL 201, or consent of instructor. Each semester.

GEOL 205  Earth Resources and Energy  3.0; 3 cr.
A study of the main economic mineral resources and traditional and alternate energy resources, with an emphasis on the environmental impacts of their use and misuse. A special emphasis is given to regional issues. Open to both arts and sciences students. Each semester.

GEOL 207  Map Interpretation  2.2; 3 cr.
A course on the description, reading and interpretation of topographic and geological maps. This course also introduces stereographic projections, construction of cross-sections across geologic structures, and basic field mapping techniques. Prerequisites: GEOL 201, GEOL 203, or consent of instructor. Occasionally.

GEOL 210  Geomorphology  3.0; 3 cr.
An introduction to the study of land forms and the interaction of external geological forces and erosion agents with the structure and composition of their surface rocks. This course is also an examination of the interaction between the internal and external earth processes responsible for the development of land forms. Prerequisites: GEOL 201 and GEOL 203, or concurrently, with consent of instructor. Annually.

GEOL 211  Crystallography and Physical Mineralogy  2.2; 3 cr.
An introduction to the study and classification of crystals; properties of minerals as related to their crystal structure; identification, description, and classification of minerals. This course entails practical work with crystal models and hand specimens of common minerals. Annually.

GEOL 212  Optical Mineralogy  2.2; 3 cr.
An introduction to the theory of crystal optics, the polarizing microscope, and methods of mineral identification based on their optical properties. This course is also a systematic study of the common rock forming minerals in thin section. Prerequisite: GEOL 211 or consent of instructor. Annually.

GEOL 213  Structural Geology  2.2; 3 cr.
Introduction to the study of rock deformation, the relationship between stress and strain, and the interpretation of structures and their significance to regional and global tectonics. Prerequisite: GEOL 201. Annually.

GEOL 214  Stratigraphy  2.2; 3 cr.
A course on the principles of interpretation of the sedimentary rocks and methods of correlation and an introduction to the stratigraphy of Lebanon in the context of the regional geology of the Middle East. Prerequisite: GEOL 222 or consent of instructor. Annually.

GEOL 215  Invertebrate Paleontology  2.2; 3 cr.
An introduction to the systematic study of invertebrate fossils, their classification and identification, using macro-specimens and thin sections. Prerequisite: GEOL 202. Annually.

GEOL 219  Geologic Field Methods  0.6; 3 cr.
An introduction to applied methods used in field geological mapping. This course also provides a description and interpretation of geological maps, and construction of cross-sections. Prerequisites: GEOL 201, GEOL 213, or consent of instructor. Annually.

GEOL 221  Petrology  2.2; 3 cr.
A study of the characteristics and classification of sedimentary rocks using petrographic and field study methods, with some focus on diagenetic processes, depositional environments, and elementary basin analysis. Pre- or corequisites: GEOL 202 and GEOL 212, or consent of instructor. Annually.

GEOL 222  Sedimentology  2.2; 3 cr.
A study of the characteristics and classification of sedimentary rocks using petrographic and field study methods, with some focus on a diagenetic processes, depositional environments, and elementary basin analysis. Pre- or corequisites: GEOL 202 and GEOL 212, or consent of instructor. Annually.

GEOL 224  Regional Geology  3.0; 3 cr.
A course on the geology of the Middle East region, with emphasis on its stratigraphy, structure, geological history, and tectonic evolution, and with reference to oil and mineral resources in the region. Prerequisites: GEOL 213 and GEOL 222, or consent of instructor. Annually.

GEOL 225  Petroleum Geology  3.0; 3 cr.
A course on hydrocarbon formation and occurrence as oil and gas fields, as well as exploration and extraction methods. Prerequisites: GEOL 213, GEOL 222, or consent of instructor. Annually.

GEOL 229  Individual Field Work Project  0.18; 6 cr.
A complete and independent geological investigation of a designated area and preparation of a detailed geological map, cross-sections, and report. For juniors and seniors. Pre- or corequisite: GEOL 219. Annually.
GEOL 271/272 Senior Tutorial Course 1–3 cr.
A tutorial that may be repeated for credit with different topics or may replace a required course. Occasionally.

40 Credits1 in Geology

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>modes of Analysis</th>
<th>English and Arabic (9)</th>
<th>Humanities (12)</th>
<th>Social Sciences (3+Unspecified)</th>
<th>Sciences, Math, and Technology (40+3)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lecture Courses</td>
<td>1. Required Arabic: ARAB 201 A or B, or any upper level course (3) 2. Required English courses: ENGL 203(3), 204(3)</td>
<td>Required credits in the humanities: 12 credits including 6 credits from CVSP (see pp. 150–52)</td>
<td>Required geology courses: GDOL 210(3), 211(3), 212(3), 213(3), 214(3), 221(3), 222(3), 223(3), 224(3), 225(3), 226(3), 227(3), 228(3), 229(3)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Laboratory</td>
<td>(25,3)</td>
<td>Required geology courses: GDOL 203(1), 211(1), 212(1), 213(1), 214(1), 221(1), 222(1), 223(1), 224(1), 225(1), 226(1), 227(1), 228(1), 229(1)</td>
<td>Required geology courses: GDOL 203(1), 211(1), 212(1), 213(1), 214(1), 221(1), 222(1), 223(1), 224(1), 225(1), 226(1), 227(1), 228(1), 229(1)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Plus 50 required and elective credits
2 Combined lecture, laboratory (field), and research project courses
3 Combined lecture and seminar courses
4 Combined lecture and lab courses

THE REQUIREMENTS LISTED ABOVE APPLY TO STUDENTS WHO JOINED THEIR MAJOR AS OF OCTOBER 1, 2001–02. STUDENTS WHO JOINED A MAJOR PRIOR TO THAT DATE SHOULD CONSULT THE 2000–01 CATALOGUE.

37 Credits1 in Petroleum Studies

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>modes of Analysis</th>
<th>English and Arabic (9)</th>
<th>Humanities (12)</th>
<th>Social Sciences (12)</th>
<th>Sciences, Math, and Technology (37+6+3)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lecture Courses</td>
<td>1. Required Arabic course: ARAB 201 A or B, or any upper level course (5) 2. Required English courses: ENGL 203(3), 204(3)</td>
<td>Required credits in the humanities: 12 credits including 6 credits from DOSF (see pp. 150–52)</td>
<td>Required business courses: ACCT 210(3), MNGT 210(3)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Plus 21 required credits in business, economics, and chemistry, in addition to 38 required and elective credits
2 Combined lecture and research project courses
3 Combined lecture and seminar courses
4 Combined lecture and lab courses

THE REQUIREMENTS LISTED ABOVE APPLY TO STUDENTS WHO JOINED THEIR MAJOR AS OF OCTOBER 1, 2001–02. STUDENTS WHO JOINED A MAJOR PRIOR TO THAT DATE SHOULD CONSULT THE 2000–01 CATALOGUE.